IS25C128 IS25C256



128K-bit/ 256K-bit SPI SERIAL ELECTRICALLY ERASABLE PROM

Advanced Information JUNE 2007

FEATURES

- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Compatible
 - Supports SPI Modes 0 (0,0) and 3 (1,1)
- LowpowerCMOS
 - Active current less than 3.0 mA (2.5V)
 - Standby current less than 20 µA (2.5V)
- Low-voltage Operation
 - -- Vcc = 1.8V to 5.5V
- · Block Write Protection
 - Protect 1/4, 1/2, or Entire Array
- 64 byte page write mode
 - Partial page writes allowed
- 2.1 MHz Clock Rate (5V)
- Self timed write cycles
 - 5ms max @ 2.5V
- · High-reliability
 - Endurance: 100,000 cycles
 - Data retention: 40 years
- 8-pin JEDEC SOIC, 8-pin EIAJ SOIC, and 8-pin PDIP packages available
- Industrial and Automotive temperature ranges

DESCRIPTION

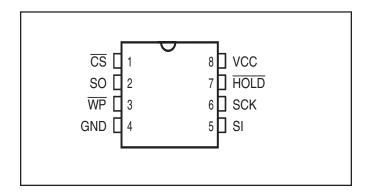
The IS25C128 and IS25C256 are electrically erasable PROM devices that use the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) for communications. The IS25C128 is 128Kbit (16K x 8) and the IS25C256 is 256Kbit (32K x 8). The IS25C128/256 EEPROMs are offered in a wide operating voltage range of 1.8V to 5.5V for compatibility with most application voltages. ISSI designed the IS25C128/256 to be an efficient SPI EEPROM solution. The devices are packaged in 8-pin JEDEC SOIC, 8-pin EIAJ SOIC, and 8-pin PDIP.

The functional features of the IS25C128/256 allow them to be among the most advanced serial non-volatile memories available. Each device has a Chip-Select (\overline{CS}) pin, and a 3-wire interface of Serial Data In (SI), Serial Data Out (SO), and Serial Clock (SCK). While the 3-wire interface of the IS25C128/256 provides for high-speed access, a \overline{HOLD} pin allows the memories to ignore the interface in a suspended state; later the \overline{HOLD} pin re-activates communication without reinitializing the serial sequence. A Status Register facilitates a flexible write protection mechanism, and a device-ready bit (\overline{RDY}) .

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PIN CONFIGURATION 8-Pin DIP and SOIC



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| CS | Chip Select |
|------|-----------------------|
| SCK | Serial Data Clock |
| SI | Serial Data Input |
| SO | Serial Data Output |
| GND | Ground |
| Vcc | Power |
| WP | Write Protect |
| HOLD | Suspends Serial Input |

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Serial Clock (SCK): This timing signal provides synchronization between the microcontroller and IS25C128/256. Op-Codes, byte addresses, and data are latched on SI with a rising edge of the SCK. Data on SO is refreshed on the falling edge of SCK for SPI modes (0,0) and (1,1).

Serial Data Input (SI): This is the input pin for all data that the IS25C128/256 is required to receive.

Serial Data Output (SO): This is the output pin for all data transmitted from the IS25C128/256.

Chip Select (\overline{CS}): The \overline{CS} pin activates the device. Upon power-up, \overline{CS} should follow Vcc. When the device is to be enabled for instruction input, the signal requires a High-to-Low transition. While \overline{CS} is stable Low, the master and slave will communicate via SCK, SI, and SO signals. Upon completion of communication, \overline{CS} must be driven High. At this moment, the slave device may start its internal write cycle. When \overline{CS} is high, the device enters a power-saving standby mode, unless an internal write operation is underway. During this mode, the SO pin becomes high impedance.

Write Protect (WP): The purpose of this input signal is to initiate Hardware Write Protection mode. This mode prevents the Block Protection bits and the WPEN bit in the Status Register from being altered. To cause Hardware Write Protection, WP must be Low at the same time WPEN is 1. WP may be hardwired to Vcc or GND.

HOLD (HOLD): This input signal is used to suspend the device in the middle of a serial sequence and temporarily ignore further communication on the bus (SI, SO, SCK). Together with Chip Select, the HOLD signal allows multiple slaves to share the bus. The HOLD signal transitions must occur only when SCK is Low, and be held stable during SCK transitions. (See Figure 8 for Hold timing) To disable this feature, HOLD may be hardwired to Vcc.



SERIAL INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

MASTER: The device that provides a clock signal.

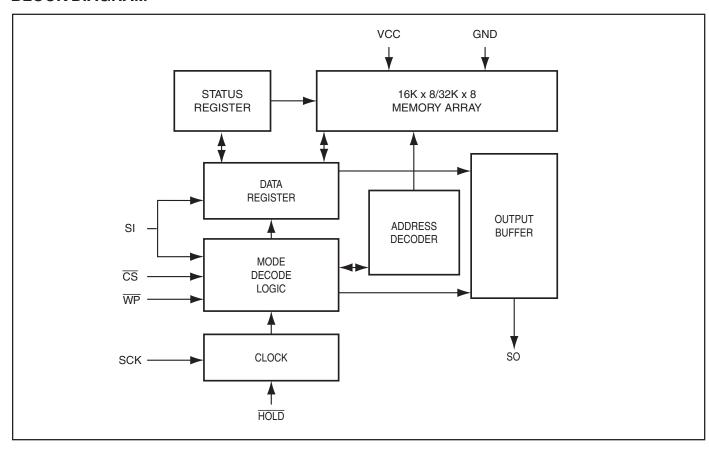
SLAVE: The IS25C128/256 is a slave because the clock signal is an input.

TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER: The IS25C128/256 has both data input (SI) and data output (SO).

MSB: The most significant bit. It is always the first bit transmitted or received.

OP-CODE: The first byte transmitted to the slave following CS transition to LOW. If the OP-CODE is a valid member of the IS25C128/256 instruction set (Table 3), then it is decoded appropriately. If the OP-CODE is not valid, and the SO pin remains in high impedance.

BLOCK DIAGRAM





STATUS REGISTER

The status register contains 8-bits for write protection control and write status. (See Table 1). It is the only region of memory other than the main array that is accessible by the user.

Table 1. Status Register Format

| Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit1 | Bit 0 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| WPEN | Χ | Χ | Χ | BP1 | BP0 | WEN I | RDY |

Notes:

- 1. X = Don't care bit.
- 2. During internal write cycles, bits 0 to 7 are temporarily 1's.

The Status Register is Read-Only if either: a) Hardware Write Protection is enabled or b) WEN is set to 0. If neither is true, it can be modified by a valid instruction.

Ready (\overline{RDY}), Bit 0: When $\overline{RDY} = 1$, it indicates that the device is busy with a write cycle. $\overline{RDY} = 0$ indicates that the device is ready for an instruction. If $\overline{RDY} = 1$, the only command that will be handled by the device is Read Status Register.

Write Enable (WEN), Bit 1: This bit represents the status of device write protection. If WEN = 0, the Status Register and the entire array is protected from modification, regardless of the setting of WPEN, \overline{WP} pin, or block protection. The only way to set WEN to 1 is via the Write Enable command (WREN). WEN is reset to 0 upon power-up.

Block Protect (BP1, BP0), Bits 2-3: Together, these bits represent one of four block protection configurations implemented for the memory array. (See Table 2 for details.)

BP0 and BP1 are non-volatile cells similar to regular array cells, and factory programmed to 0. The block of memory defined by these bits is always protected, regardless of the setting of WPEN, \overline{WP} , or WEN.

Table 2. Block Protection

| Status Register Bits | | | Array Addre | sses Protected |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----------------|
| Level | BP1 | BP0 | IS25C128 | IS25C256 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | None | None |
| 1(1/4) | 0 | 1 | 3000h -3FFFh | 6000h -7FFFh |
| 2(1/2) | 1 | 0 | 2000h -3FFFh | 4000h -7FFFh |
| 3(All) | 1 | 1 | 0000h -3FFFh | 0000h -7FFFh |

Don't Care, Bits 4-6: Each of these bits can receive either 0 or 1, but values will not be retained. When these bits are read from the register, they are always 0.

Write Protect Enable (WPEN), Bit 7: This bit can be used in conjunction with \overline{WP} pin to enable Hardware Write Protection, which causes the Status Register to be read-only. The memory array is not protected by this mode. Hardware Write Protection requires that $\overline{WP} = 0$ and WPEN = 1; it is disabled otherwise. Note: WPEN cannot be changed from 1 to 0 if the \overline{WP} pin is already set to Low. (See Table 4 for data protection relationship)



DEVICE OPERATION

The operations of the IS25C128/256 are controlled by a set of instructions that are clocked-in serially SI pin. (See Table 3). To begin an instruction, the chip select (\overline{CS}) should be dropped Low. Subsequently, each Low-to-High transition of the clock (SK) will latch a stable value on the SI pin. After the 8-bit op-code, it may be appropriate to continue to input an address or data to SI, or to output data from SO. During data output, values appear on the falling edge of SK. All bits are transferred with MSB first. Upon the last bit of communication, but prior to any following Low-to-High transition of SK, \overline{CS} should be raised High to end the transaction. The device then would enter Standby Mode if no internal programming were underway.

Table 3. Instruction Set

| Name | Op-code | Operation | Address | Data(SI) | Data (SO) |
|-------|-----------|--------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|
| WREN | 0000 X110 | Set Write Enable Latch | - | - | - |
| WRDI | 0000 X100 | Reset Write Enable Latch | - | - | - |
| RDSR | 0000 X101 | Read Status Register | - | - | D7-D0, |
| WRSR | 0000 X001 | Write Status Register | - | D7-D0 | - |
| READ | 0000 X011 | Read Data from Array | A15-A0 | - | D7-D0, |
| WRITE | 0000 X010 | Write Data to Array | A15-A0 | D7-D0, | - |

Notes:

- 1. X = Don't care bit. For consistency, it is best to use "0".
- 2. Some address bits are don't care. See Table 5.
- 3. If the bits clocked-in for an op-code are invalid, SO remains high impedance, and upon CS going High there is no affect. A valid op-code with an invalid number of bits clocked-in for address or data will cause an attempt to modify the array or Status Register to be ignored.

WRITE ENABLE (WREN)

When Vcc is initially applied, the device powers up with both status register and entire array in a write-disabled state. Upon completion of Write Disable (WRDI), Write Status Register (WRSR), or Write Data to Array (WRITE), the device resets the WEN bit in the Status Register to 0. Prior to any data modification, a WREN instruction is necessary to set WEN to 1. (See Figure 2 for timing).

WRITE DISABLE (WRDI)

The device can be completely protected from modification by resetting WEN to 0 through the WRDI instruction. (See Figure 3 for timing).

READ STATUS REGISTER (RDSR)

The Read Status instruction tells the user the status of Write Protect Enable, the Block Protection setting (see Table 2), the Write Enable state, and the \overline{RDY} status. RDSR is the only instruction accepted when a write cycle is underway. It is recommended that the status of Write Enable and \overline{RDY} be checked, especially prior to an attempted modification of data. The 8 bits of the Status Register can be repeatedly output on SO after the initial Op-code. (See Figure 4 for timing).



WRITE STATUS REGISTER (WRSR)

This instruction lets the user choose a Block Protection setting, and set or reset the WPEN bit. The values of the other data bits incorporated into WRSR can be 0 or 1, and are not stored in the Status Register. WRSR will be ignored unless both the following are true: a) WEN = 1, due to a prior WREN instruction; and b) Hardware Write Protection is not enabled. (See Table 4 for details). Except for the \overline{RDY} status, the values in the Status Register remain unchanged until the moment when the write cycle is complete and the register is updated. Note: WPEN can be changed from 1 to 0 only if \overline{WP} is already set High. Once completed, WEN is reset for complete chip write protection. (See Figure 5 for timing).

READ DATA (READ)

This instruction begins with the op-code and the 16-bit address, and causes the selected data byte to be shifted out on SO. Following this first data byte, additional sequential bytes are output. If the data byte in the highest address is output, the address rolls-over to the lowest address in the array, and the output could loop indefinitely. At any time, a rising $\overline{\textbf{CS}}$ signal completes the operation. (See Figure 6 for timing).

WRITE DATA (WRITE)

The WRITE instruction begins with the op-code, the 16-bit address of the first byte to be modified, and the first data byte. Additional data bytes may be written sequentially to the array after the first byte. Each WRITE instruction can affect the contents of a 64 byte page, but no more. The page begins at address XXXXXXXX XX000000, and ends with XXXXXXXXXXXX111111. If the last byte of the page is input, the address rolls over to the beginning of the same page. More than 64 data bytes can be input during the same instruction, but upon a completed write cycle, a page would only contain the last 64 bytes.

The region of the array defined within Block Protection cannot be modified as long as that block configuration is selected. The region of the array outside the Block Protection can only be modified if Write Enable (WEN) is set to 1. Therefore, it may be necessary that a WREN instruction occur prior to WRITE. Hardware Write Protection has no affect on the memory array. Once Write is completed, WEN is reset for complete chip write protection. (See Figure 7 for timing).

Table 5. Address Key

| Name | IS25C128 | IS25C256 | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| A _N | $A_{13} A_{0}$ | $A_{14} A_{0}$ | |
| Don't Care Bits | A ₁₅₋ A ₁₄ | A ₁₅ | |

Table 4. Write Protection

| WPEN | WP | Hardware Write Protection | WEN | Inside Block | Outside Block | Status Register (WPEN, BP1, BP0) |
|------|----|------------------------------|-----|--------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0 | Х | Not Enabled | 0 | Read-only | Read-only | Read-only |
| 0 | Х | Not Enabled | 1 | Read-only | Unprotected | Unprotected |
| 1 | 0 | Enabled | 0 | Read-only | Read-only | Read-only |
| 1 | 0 | Enabled | 1 | Read-only | Unprotected | Read-only |
| X | 1 | Not Enabled | 0 | Read-only | Read-only | Read-only |
| X | 1 | Not Enabled | 1 | Read-only | Unprotected | Unprotected |

Note: X = Don't care bit.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|--------|------------------------|-------------------|------|
| Vs | Supply Voltage | -0.5 to + 6.5 | V |
| VP | Voltage on Any Pin | -0.5 to Vcc + 0.5 | V |
| TBIAS | Temperature Under Bias | -55 to +125 | °C |
| Тѕтс | Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | °C |
| Іоит | Output Current | 5 | mA |

Notes:

Stress greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OPERATING RANGE (IS25C256-2 and IS25C128-2)

| Range | Ambient Temperature | Vcc |
|------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Industrial | –40°C to +85°C | 1.8V to 5.5V |

Note:

1. ISSI offers Industrial grade for Commercial applications (0°C to +70°C).

OPERATING RANGE (IS25C256-3 and IS25C128-3)

| Range | Ambient Temperature | Vcc |
|------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Automotive | -40°C to +125°C | 2.5V to 5.5V |

CAPACITANCE(1,2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Max. | Unit |
|--------|--------------------|------------|------|------|
| Cin | Input Capacitance | VIN = 0V | 6 | pF |
| Соит | Output Capacitance | Vout = 0V | 8 | pF |

Notes:

- Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters and not 100% tested.
- 2. Test conditions: $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC} = 5.0V$.



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C for Industrial, $T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C for Automotive.

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|------|
| V _{OL1} | Output LOW Voltage | Vcc = 5V, IoL = 3 mA | _ | 0.4 | V |
| Vol2 | Output LOW Voltage | Vcc = 2.5V, lo _L = 1.5 mA | _ | 0.4 | V |
| Vol3 | Output LOW Voltage | Vcc = 1.8V, lo _L = 0.15 mA | _ | 0.2 | V |
| VoH1 | Output HIGH Voltage | Vcc = 5V, Iон = -3 mA | 0.8 x Vcc | _ | V |
| VoH2 | Output HIGH Voltage | Vcc = 2.5V, Iон = -0.4mA | 0.8 x Vcc | _ | V |
| Voн3 | Output HIGH Voltage | Vcc = 1.8V, lон = -0.1mA | 0.8 x Vcc | _ | V |
| VIH | Input HIGH Voltage | | 0.7xVcc | Vcc + 1 | V |
| VIL | Input LOW Voltage | | -1.0 | 0.3 x Vcc | V |
| ILI | Input Leakage Current | VIN = 0V TO VCC | -3 | 3 | μA |
| ILO | Output Leakage Current | Vout = $0V$ to Vcc , $\overline{CS} = Vcc$ | -3 | 3 | μΑ |

POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial.

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|--------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| lcc1 | Vcc Operating Current | Read/Write at 2.1 MHz (Vcc = 5V) | _ | 5.0 | mA |
| Icc2 | Vcc Operating Current | Read/Write at 2.1 MHz (Vcc = 2.5V) | _ | 3.0 | mA |
| lcc3 | Vcc Operating Current | Read/Write at 500 KHz (Vcc = 1.8V) | _ | 2.0 | mA |
| ISB1 | Standby Current | $Vcc = 5.0V$, $Vin = Vcc$ or GND $\overline{CS} = Vcc$ | _ | 25 | μΑ |
| ISB2 | Standby Current | Vcc = 2.5V, $Vin = Vcc$ or $GND\overline{CS} = Vcc$ | _ | 20 | μΑ |
| IsB3 | Standby Current | $Vcc = 1.8V$, $Vin = Vcc$ or GND $\overline{CS} = Vcc$ | _ | 15 | μΑ |

POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C for Automotive.

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|--------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| lcc1 | Vcc Operating Current | Read/Write at 2.1 MHz (Vcc = 5V) | | 6.0 | mA |
| lcc2 | Vcc Operating Current | Read/Write at 2.1 MHz (Vcc = 2.5V) | _ | 3.0 | mA |
| ISB1 | Standby Current | $\frac{\text{Vcc}}{\text{CS}} = 5.0\text{V}, \text{ Vin} = \text{Vcc or GND}$ | _ | 30 | μΑ |
| ISB2 | Standby Current | $Vcc = 2.5V$, $Vin = Vcc$ or GND $\overline{CS} = Vcc$ | _ | 20 | μΑ |



AC Characteristics

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial.

| | | $1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V \qquad 2.5V \le Vcc \le 5.5V$ | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Min | Max | Units |
| fsck | SCK Clock Frequency | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 2.1 | MHz |
| trı | Input Rise Time | _ | 2 | _ | 2 | μs |
| trı | Input Fall Time | _ | 2 | _ | 2 | μs |
| twn | SCK High Time | 800 | _ | 200 | _ | ns |
| twL | SCK Low Time | 800 | _ | 200 | _ | ns |
| tcs | CS High Time | 200 | _ | 100 | _ | ns |
| tcss | CS Setup Time | 200 | _ | 90 | _ | ns |
| tcsH | CS Hold Time | 200 | _ | 90 | _ | ns |
| tsu | Data In Setup Time | 40 | _ | 20 | _ | ns |
| tH | Data In Hold Time | 50 | _ | 30 | _ | ns |
| tho | Hold Setup Time | 100 | _ | 50 | _ | ns |
| tco | Hold Time | 100 | _ | 50 | _ | ns |
| tv | Output Valid | 0 | 150 | 0 | 60 | ns |
| tho | Output Hold Time | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | ns |
| tız | Hold to Output Low Z | 0 | 100 | 0 | 50 | ns |
| tHZ | Hold to Output High Z | _ | 250 | _ | 100 | ns |
| tois | Output Disable Time | _ | 250 | _ | 100 | ns |
| twc | Write Cycle Time | _ | 10 | _ | 5 | ms |

 $C_L = 100pF$



AC Characteristics

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ for Automotive.

| | | 2.5V ≤ Vcc | : ≤ 5.5V | |
|--------|-----------------------|------------|----------|-------|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units |
| fsck | SCK Clock Frequency | 0 | 2.1 | MHz |
| trı | Input Rise Time | _ | 2 | μs |
| trı | Input Fall Time | _ | 2 | μs |
| twn | SCK High Time | 200 | _ | ns |
| twL | SCK Low Time | 200 | _ | ns |
| tcs | CS High Time | 100 | _ | ns |
| tcss | CS Setup Time | 90 | _ | ns |
| tcsh | CS Hold Time | 90 | _ | ns |
| tsu | Data In Setup Time | 20 | _ | ns |
| tH | Data In Hold Time | 30 | _ | ns |
| thd | Hold Setup Time | 50 | _ | ns |
| tcd | Hold Hold Time | 50 | _ | ns |
| tv | Output Valid | 0 | 60 | ns |
| tho | Output Hold Time | 0 | _ | ns |
| tız | Hold to Output Low Z | 0 | 50 | ns |
| tHZ | Hold to Output High Z | _ | 100 | ns |
| tois | Output Disable Time | _ | 100 | ns |
| twc | Write Cycle Time | | 5 | ms |

 $C_L = 100pF$



TIMING DIAGRAMS

Figure 1. Synchronous Data Timing

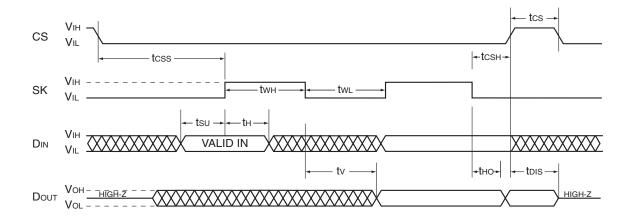


Figure 2. WREN Timing

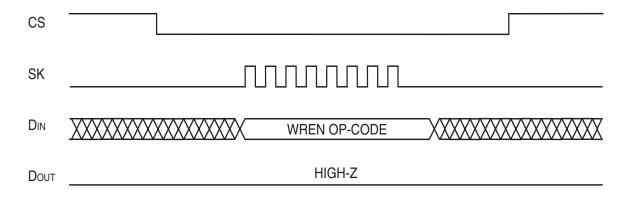


Figure 3. WRDI Timing

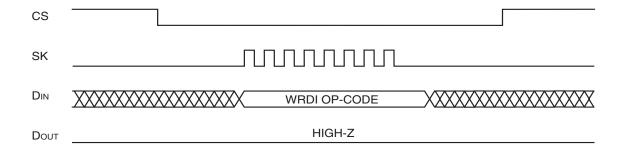




Figure 4. RDSR Timing

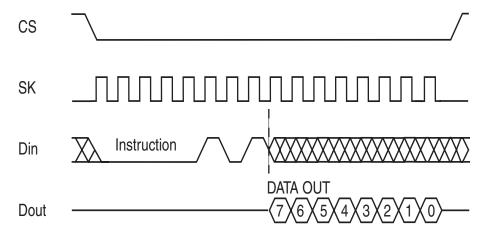


Figure 5. WRSR Timing

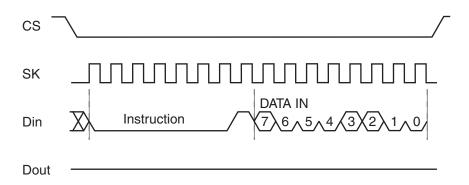


Figure 6. READ Timing

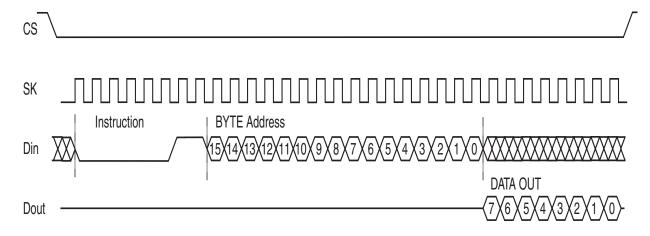




Figure 7. WRITE Timing

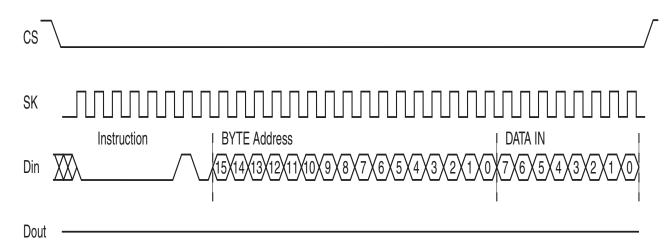
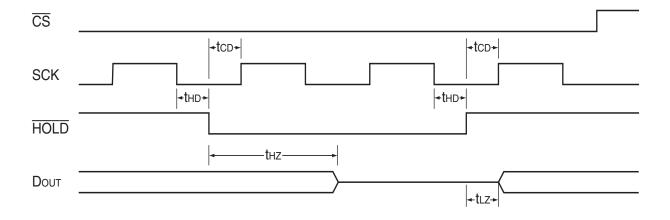


Figure 8. **HOLD** Timing





ORDERING INFORMATION

Industrial Range: -40°C to +85°C, Lead-free

| Voltage Range | Part Number | Package |
|------------------|---|--|
| 1.8V to 5.5V | IS25C128-2GLI IS25C128-2PLI IS25C128-2WLI | Small Outline (JEDEC STD) 300-mil Plastic DIP Small Outline (EIAJ STD) |
| 1.8V to 5.5V | IS25C256-2GLI IS25C256-2PLI IS25C256-2WLI | Small Outline (JEDEC STD) 300-mil Plastic DIP Small Outline (EIAJ STD) |

ORDERING INFORMATION

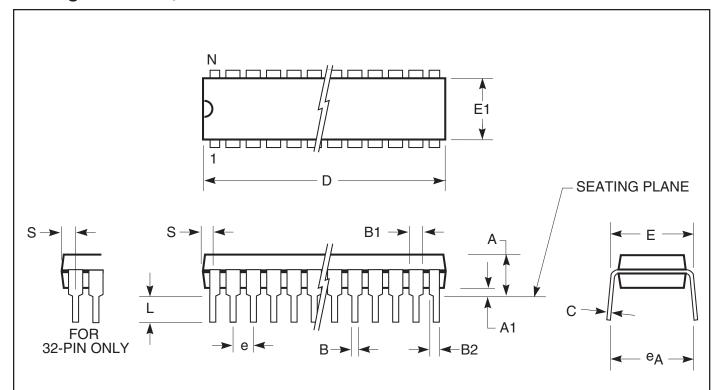
Automotive Range: -40°C to +125°C, Lead-free

| Voltage Range | Part Number | Package |
|------------------|--|--|
| 2.5V to 5.5V | IS25C128-3GLA3 IS25C128-3PLA3 IS25C128-3WLA3 | Small Outline (JEDEC STD) 300-mil Plastic DIP Small Outline (EIAJ STD) |
| 2.5V to 5.5V | IS25C256-3GLA3 IS25C256-3PLA3 IS25C256-3WLA3 | Small Outline (JEDEC STD) 300-mil Plastic DIP Small Outline (EIAJ STD) |

PACKAGING INFORMATION



300-mil Plastic DIP Package Code: N,P



| | MILLIN | METERS | INC | HES |
|--------------|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| Sym. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| N0. Leads | | 8 | | |
| Α | 3.68 | 4.57 | 0.145 | 0.180 |
| A1 | 0.38 | _ | 0.015 | _ |
| В | 0.36 | 0.56 | 0.014 | 0.022 |
| B1 | 1.14 | 1.52 | 0.045 | 0.060 |
| B2 | 0.81 | 1.17 | 0.032 | 0.046 |
| С | 0.20 | 0.33 | 0.008 | 0.013 |
| D | 9.12 | 9.53 | 0.359 | 0.375 |
| E | 7.62 | 8.26 | 0.300 | 0.325 |
| E1 | 6.20 | 6.60 | 0.244 | 0.260 |
| ед | 8.13 | 9.65 | 0.320 | 0.380 |
| е | 2.54 BSC | | 0.100 |) BSC |
| L | 3.18 | _ | 0.125 | |
| S | 0.64 | 0.762 | 0.025 | 0.030 |

Notes:

- 1. Controlling dimension: inches, unless otherwise specified.
- 2. BSC = Basic lead spacing between centers.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash protrusions and should be measured from the bottom of the package.
- Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.004 inches at the seating plane.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION



300-mil Plastic DIP Package Code: N,P

| | MILLIM | IETERS | INCHES | | |
|----------------|----------|--------|-----------|-------|--|
| Sym. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | |
| N0. Leads | 1 | 6 | | | |
| Α | 3.68 | 4.57 | 0.145 | 0.180 | |
| A1 | 0.25 | _ | 0.010 | _ | |
| В | 0.46 | BSC | 0.018 BSC | | |
| B1 | 1.52 | BSC | 0.060 BSC | | |
| B2 | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| С | 0.13 | 0.38 | 0.005 | 0.015 | |
| D | 18.92 | 19.18 | 0.745 | 0.755 | |
| E | 7.44 | 8.13 | 0.293 | 0.320 | |
| E1 | 6.22 | 6.48 | 0.245 | 0.255 | |
| e _A | 8.13 | 9.65 | 0.320 | 0.380 | |
| e | 2.54 BSC | | 0.100 |) BSC | |
| L | 3.05 | 3.56 | 0.120 | 0.140 | |
| S | 0.38 | 0.89 | 0.015 | 0.035 | |

| | MILL | IMETERS | INC | HES |
|----------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| Sym. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| N0. Leads | | 20 | | |
| A | 3.68 | 4.57 | 0.145 | 0.180 |
| A1 | 0.38 | _ | 0.015 | _ |
| В | 0.36 | 0.56 | 0.014 | 0.022 |
| B1 | 1.14 | 1.78 | 0.045 | 0.070 |
| B2 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| С | 0.20 | 0.36 | 0.008 | 0.014 |
| D | 25.91 | 26.42 | 1.020 | 1.040 |
| E | 7.49 | 8.26 | 0.295 | 0.325 |
| E1 | 6.01 | 7.11 | 0.240 | 0.280 |
| e _A | _ | 10.92 | _ | 0.430 |
| e | 2. | 54 BSC | 0.100 | BSC |
| L | 3.05 | 3.81 | 0.120 | 0.150 |
| S | 1.02 | 1.52 | 0.040 | 0.060 |

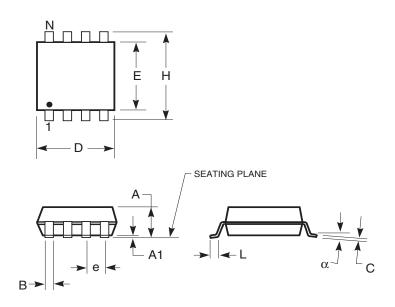
| | MILLI | METERS | INCHES | | |
|----------------|----------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| Sym. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | |
| N0. Leads | | 28 | | | |
| A | 3.68 | 4.57 | 0.145 | 0.180 | |
| A1 | 0.25 | _ | 0.010 | _ | |
| В | 0.41 | 0.56 | 0.016 | 0.022 | |
| B1 | 1.27 | 1.78 | 0.050 | 0.070 | |
| B2 | 0.81 | 1.17 | 0.032 | 0.046 | |
| С | 0.20 | 0.38 | 0.008 | 0.015 | |
| D | 35.05 | 35.56 | 1.380 | 1.400 | |
| E | 7.49 | 8.00 | 0.295 | 0.315 | |
| E1 | 6.99 | 7.49 | 0.275 | 0.295 | |
| e _A | 7.87 | 10.16 | 0.310 | 0.400 | |
| е | 2.54 BSC | | 0.100 |) BSC | |
| L | 3.05 | 3.81 | 0.120 | 0.150 | |
| S | 0.51 | 1.06 | 0.020 | 0.042 | |

| | MILL | IMETERS | INCHES | | |
|--------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|--|
| Sym. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | |
| N0. Leads | | 32 | | | |
| Α | 3.56 | 4.57 | 0.140 | 0.180 | |
| A1 | 0.38 | _ | 0.015 | _ | |
| В | 0.38 | 0.53 | 0.015 | 0.021 | |
| B1 | 1.02 | 1.78 | 0.040 | 0.070 | |
| B2 | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| С | 0.13 | 0.38 | 0.005 | 0.015 | |
| D | 40.51 | 40.77 | 1.595 | 1.605 | |
| E | 7.75 | 8.26 | 0.305 | 0.325 | |
| E1 | 7.24 | 7.22 | 0.285 | 0.292 | |
| ед | 8.38 | 9.40 | 0.33 | 0.370 | |
| е | 2. | 54 BSC | 0.100 |) BSC | |
| L | 3.05 | 3.81 | 0.120 | 0.150 | |
| S | 1.65 | 2.16 | 0.065 | 0.085 | |





150-mil Plastic SOP Package Code: G, GR



| 150-mil Plastic SOP (G, GR) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------|---------|-------|--|
| Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Ref. Std. | Inc | hes | mm | | |
| No. Leads | | 8 | 8 | | |
| Α | _ | 0.068 | _ | 1.73 | |
| A1 | 0.004 | 0.009 | 0.1 | 0.23 | |
| В | 0.013 | 0.020 | 0.33 | 0.51 | |
| С | 0.007 | 0.010 | 0.18 | 0.25 | |
| D | 0.189 | 0.197 | 4.8 | 5 | |
| Е | 0.150 | 0.157 | 3.81 | 3.99 | |
| Н | 0.228 | 0.245 | 5.79 | 6.22 | |
| е | 0.050 BSC | | 1.27 BS | SC SC | |
| L | 0.020 | 0.035 | 0.51 | 0.89 | |

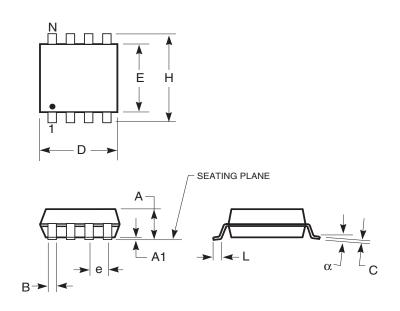
Notes

- 1. Controlling dimension: inches, unless otherwise specified.
- 2. BSC = Basic lead spacing between centers.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash protrusions and should be measured from the bottom of the package.
- 4. Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.004 inches at the seating plane.

PACKAGING INFORMATION



200-mil Plastic SOP Package Code: W



Notes:

- 1. Controlling dimension: mm, unless otherwise specified.
- BSC = Basic lead spacing between centers.
 Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash protrusions and should be measured from the bottom of the package.

| | 200-mil Plastic SOP (W) | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------------------|-------|--------|------|--|--|
| Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| Ref. Std. | Ind | ches | mm | | | |
| No. Leads | | 8 | 8 | | | |
| Α | _ | 0.085 | _ | 2.16 | | |
| A1 | 0.004 | 0.009 | 0.10 | 0.23 | | |
| В | 0.014 | 0.018 | 0.35 | 0.45 | | |
| С | 0.006 | 0.014 | 0.15 | 0.35 | | |
| D | 0.203 | 0.211 | 5.15 | 5.35 | | |
| Е | 0.204 | 0.213 | 5.18 | 5.40 | | |
| Н | 0.303 | 0.325 | 7.70 | 8.26 | | |
| е | 0.05 | 0 BSC | 1.27 B | SC | | |
| L | 0.020 | 0.033 | 0.51 | 0.85 | | |